the allegations in the complaint and setting forth any affirmative defense and any mitigating factors or extenuating circumstances. The response shall be submitted to the division of the Office of General Counsel that initiates the complaint or to such other office as may be designated in the complaint. A response is deemed a request for a hearing.

## § 26.30 Service and filing.

(a) Filing. Unless otherwise provided by statute, rule, or regulation, all documents shall be filed with the Docket Clerk. Filing may be by delivery, first-class mail, overnight delivery, facsimile transmission, or electronic means; however, the ALJ may place reasonable limits on filing by facsimile transmission or electronic means. All documents shall clearly designate the docket number and title of the proceeding. Duplicate copies are not required unless ordered by the ALJ.

(b) Service. One copy of all documents filed with the Docket Clerk shall be served upon each party by the persons filing them and shall be accompanied by a certificate of service stating how and when such service has been made. Service may be made by delivery, firstclass mail, overnight delivery, facsimile transmission, or electronic means; however, the ALJ may place reasonable limits on service by facsimile transmission or electronic means. Documents shall be served upon a party's address of residence or principal place of business, or, if the party is represented by counsel, upon counsel of record at the address of counsel. Service is complete when handed to the person or delivered to the person's office or residence and deposited in a conspicuous place. If service is by firstclass mail, overnight delivery, facsimile transmission, or electronic means, service is complete upon deposit in the mail or upon electronic transmission.

## § 26.31 Time computations.

(a) *General*. In computing any period of time under subpart B of this part, the time period begins the day following the act, event, or default, and includes the last day of the period, unless the last day is a Saturday, Sunday,

or legal holiday observed by the Federal Government, in which case the time period includes the next business day. When the prescribed time period is 7 days or less, intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays shall be excluded from the computation.

- (b) Entry of orders. In computing any time period involving the date of the issuance of an order or decision by an Administrative Law Judge, the date of issuance is the date the order or decision is served by the Docket Clerk.
- (c) Service by mail. If a document is served by mail, 3 days shall be added to the time permitted for a response.

## ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

## § 26.32 Powers and duties of the Administrative Law Judge (ALJ).

The ALJ shall conduct a fair and impartial hearing, avoid delay, maintain order, and ensure that a record of the proceeding is made. The ALJ is authorized to:

- (a) Set and change the date, time, and place of the hearing upon reasonable notice to the parties;
- (b) Continue or recess the hearing, in whole or in part, for a reasonable period of time:
- (c) Hold conferences to identify or simplify the issues, or to consider other matters that may aid in the expeditious disposition of the proceeding;
- (d) Administer oaths and affirmations;
- (e) Issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents at depositions or at hearings;
- (f) Rule on motions and other procedural matters;
- (g) Regulate the scope and timing of discovery;
- (h) Regulate the course of the hearing and the conduct of representatives and parties;
  - (i) Examine witnesses:
- (j) Receive, rule on, exclude, or limit evidence;
- (k) Upon motion of a party, take official notice of facts;
- (1) Upon motion of a party, decide cases, in whole or in part, by summary judgment where there is no disputed issue of material fact;